

Russian Olive Elaeagnus angustifolia Elaeagnaceae

Description

Russian Olive was introduced for windbreaks in the late 1800's because of it's ability to grow almost anywhere and at a fast rate. It has since been classified as an invasive species. They can be found all over North Dakota; along windbreaks, by waterways, or as specimens in people's yards.

General Information

Zone: Height: Width: Habit: Growth Rate:	3-7 12-20' 20-23' Round 6' per year	Soil Texture: Soil pH: Exposure: Water Needs: Soil Drainage: Other Attributes:	Clay, Loam, Sand Acidic- Alkaline Full Sun Wet-Dry Well-Poorly Drained Drought Tolerant, Flood Tolerant, Salt Tolerant, Invasive	Fall Color: Bloom Color: Bloom Time: Fragrance: Fruit Color: Fruiting Time: Fruit Flavor: Attracts:	Yellow Creamy, White Early Spring- Early Summer Yes Green, Silver Late Summer Inedible Bees, Butterflies, Birds, Small Mammals
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Resources:

Plants A to Z: Find Plant Names by Letter (thespruce.com) Find a Plant | NC Extension Gardener Plant Toolbox (ncsu.edu) Trees and Plants | The Morton Arboretum WSU PNW Plants The Tree Guide at arborday.org Woody Plants Catalog | The UFOR Nursery & Lab (umn.edu) Plant Finder (missouribotanicalgarden.org) N.D. Tree Handbook (ndsu.edu)